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Reply to Office communication mailed 09/14/2009

**Amendments to the Claims:** 

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the

application:

**Listing of Claims:** 

Claims 1-24. (canceled)

Claim 25. (previously presented) A method for scanning an object with a scanner

having at least one two dimensional electronic image converter, at least one optical

element imaging the object on the electronic image converter, and first and second beam

sources for illuminating the object, comprising the steps of:

a) illuminating said object with said first beam source at a first illumination level

and substantially simultaneously obtaining a first image of the object with the

electronic image converter at a first level of received beam energy;

b) illuminating said object with said second beam source and substantially

simultaneously obtaining a second image of said object with said electronic

image converter at a second level of received beam energy different from said

first level;

c) wherein said steps a) and-b) are performed in succession to thereby obtain

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two consecutive images of the object with the electronic image converter at

different levels of received beam energy.

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Claim 26. (previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein an optical means

for influencing the effective amount of beam energy from at least one of said first and

second beam sources is placed in an optical path between said at least one beam source

and said object.

Claim 27. (previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein an optical means

for influencing the effective amount of beam energy from at least one of said first and

second beam sources is placed in an optical path between said object and said electronic

image converter.

Claim 28. (previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein output signals of

said electronic image converter are digitized and made available to a computer data

processing system separate from said scanner.

Claim 29. (previously presented) The method of claim 28, wherein image data from

said first and second images is processed by image processing algorithms in said

computer data processing system to generate three-dimensional information as to said

object.

Claim 30. (previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein said electronic

image converter operates at a refresh rate, and wherein said refresh rate is substantially in

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synchronism with said steps of illumination.

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Claim 31. (previously presented) The method of claim 30, wherein the operation of

said first and second beam sources is controlled by a control unit, said control unit

synchronizing the operation of said first and second beam sources and said electronic

image converter such that said first and second beam sources illuminate said object at a

rate substantially equal to said refresh rate.

Claim 32. (previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein at least one of

said first and second beam sources projects a pattern onto said object.

Claim 33. (previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein at least one of

said first and second beam sources comprises a source of high brightness having an

illumination time of between 0.001 and 0.01 seconds.

Claim 34. (previously presented) The method of claim 33 wherein said source of high

brightness comprises a flash lamp.

Claim 35. (previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein said first and

second beam sources illuminate said object from different spatial directions.

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Claim 36. (previously presented) The method of claim 35, wherein said first and

second beam sources comprise beam sources emitting radiation in different portions in

the electromagnetic spectrum.

Claim 37. (previously presented) A method for scanning an object with a scanner

having at least two two-dimensional electronic image converters, at least one optical

element imaging the object on the electronic image converters, and first and second beam

sources for illuminating the object, comprising the steps of:

a) illuminating said object with said first beam source at a first illumination level

and substantially simultaneously obtaining a first image of the object with a

first electronic image converter at a first level of received beam energy;

b) illuminating said object with said second beam source and substantially

simultaneously obtaining a second image of said object with a second

electronic image converter at a second level of received beam energy different

from said first level;

c) wherein said steps a) and-b) are performed in succession to thereby obtain two

consecutive images of the object with said electronic image converters at

different amounts of received beam energy.

Claim 38. (previously presented) The method of claim 37, wherein said first beam

source comprises a source of visible spectrum radiation and wherein said second beam

source comprises a source of infra-red radiation.

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Claim 39. (previously presented) The method of claim 37, wherein said first beam

source comprises a source of visible spectrum radiation and wherein said second beam

source comprises a source of ultraviolet radiation.

Claim 40. (previously presented) A scanner for scanning an object and obtaining

three-dimensional information about the surface of said object, comprising:

a) at least one two-dimensional electronic image converter;

b) at least one optical element imaging said object on said electronic image

converter;

c) a first beam source for illuminating said object and a second beam source for

illuminating said object,

d) wherein said first beam source illuminates said object and substantially

simultaneously a first image of the object is obtained by said at least one

electronic image converter, said first image obtained from incident radiation at

a first level of received beam energy;

e) wherein said second beam source illuminates said object and substantially

simultaneously a second image of said object is obtained by said at least one

electronic image converter, said second image obtained from incident

radiation at a second level of received beam energy different from said first

level; and

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f) wherein said illumination of said object and the generation of said first and

second images are performed in succession such that said electronic image

converter thereby obtains two consecutive images of the object at different

levels of received beam energy.

Claim 41. (previously presented) The scanner of claim 40, wherein said electronic

image converter comprises a charge-coupled device array.

Claim 42. (currently amended) The scanner of claim 40, wherein said scanner

further comprises a carrier which is in the form of a prism adapted for directing radiation

from said beam sources in the direction of said object, said prism sized and shaped so as

to have a portion thereof fit into the oral cavity of a human and enable said portion to be

moved relative to anatomical structures within said oral cavity.

Claim 43. (previously presented) The scanner of claim 40, wherein said at least one

of said beam sources comprises a flash lamp.

Claim 44. (currently amended) The scanner of claim 42, wherein the scanner

further comprises a frame housing said first and second beam sources and wherein said

prism carrier is rigidly connected to said frame.

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Claim 45. (currently amended) The scanner of claim 44, wherein said optical

element comprises at least one lens element fixed with respect to said frame.

Claim 46. (previously presented) The scanner of claim 44, wherein said carrier further

comprises at least one optically reflective surface reflecting radiation from said at least

one beam source towards said object.

Claim 47. (previously presented) The scanner of claim 46, wherein said reflective

surface comprises a peripheral internal surface of said carrier.

Claim 48. (previously presented) The scanner of claim 46, wherein said reflective

surface comprises at least two internal surfaces of said carrier, and wherein radiation

from said beam sources undergoes total internal reflection in a path between said beam

sources and said object.

Claim 49. (previously presented) The scanner of claim 46, wherein said reflective

surface further comprises a mirror.

Claim 50. (previously presented) The scanner of claim 44, wherein said carrier is

releasable from said frame to thereby permit said carrier to be separately sterilized and/or

disinfected from said frame.

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Claims 51-54. (canceled)

Claim 55. (previously presented) A method for scanning an object with a scanner

having at least one two-dimensional electronic image converter, at least one optical

element imaging the object on the electronic image converters, and first and second beam

sources for illuminating the object, comprising the steps of:

a) illuminating said object with said first beam source with radiation

predominantly in a first portion of the electromagnetic spectrum and substantially

simultaneously obtaining a first image of the object with said at least one

electronic image converter;

b) illuminating said object with said second beam source with radiation

predominantly in a second portion of the electromagnetic spectrum different from

said first portion and substantially simultaneously obtaining a second image of

said object with said at least one electronic image converter;

c) wherein said steps a) and-b) are performed in succession to thereby obtain

two consecutive images of the object with said at least one electronic image

converter at two different portions of the electromagnetic spectrum.

Claim 56. (previously presented) The method of claim 55, wherein said first portion

of the electro-magnetic spectrum comprises the visible spectrum and wherein the second

portion of the electromagnetic spectrum comprises either the ultraviolet or infrared

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portions of the electromagnetic spectrum.

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Claim 57. (previously presented) The method of claim 55, wherein at least one of

said first and second beam sources projects a pattern onto said object.

Claim 58. (previously presented) The method of claim 55, wherein said first and

second beam sources illuminate said object from different spatial directions.

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